

FORM PTO-1390 (REV 12-29-99)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER	
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371				DYC-011	
				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) 09/7529482	
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/GB98/03068		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 12 October 1998		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 15 October 1997	
TITLE OF INVENTION ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS					
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Robert J. Watts					
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). 					
Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: Certification Under 37 CFR 1.10 					

U.S. APPLICATION NO. 097529482

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
PCT/GB98/03068ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
DYC-011

- 17.
- ☒
- The following fees are submitted:

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):

Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482)
nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO
and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$970.00

International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to
USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$840.00

International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but
international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$690.00

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)
but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$670.00

International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)
and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$96.00

ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =**CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY**

\$ 840.00

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30
months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE
Total claims	27 - 20 =	7	X \$18.00
Independent claims	2 - 3 =	0	X \$78.00

MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable) + \$260.00

TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =

Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. A Small Entity Statement
must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).

SUBTOTAL =

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than ☐ 20 ☐ 30
months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).

TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be
accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =

Amount to be

refunded:

charged:

\$

\$

\$ 966.00

- a.
- ☒
- A check in the amount of \$ 966.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

- b.
- ☐
- Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the above fees.
-
- A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

- c.
- ☒
- The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any
-
- overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-0590. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Thomas Schneck
Law Offices of Thomas Schneck
P.O. Box 2-E
San Jose, CA 95109-0005
Tel. (408) 297-9733
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SIGNATURE:

Thomas Schneck

NAME

24,518

REGISTRATION NUMBER

**STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(b))--INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

Docket Number (Optional)
DYC-011

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: Robert J. Watts
Application or Patent No.: 09/529,482
Filed or Issued: April 12, 2000
Title: ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS

As a below named inventor, I hereby state that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees to the Patent and Trademark Office described in:

- ☐ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.
☒ the application identified above.
☐ the patent identified above.

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed, and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license, any rights in the invention to any person who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern, or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☒ No such person, concern, or organization exists.
☐ Each such person, concern, or organization is listed below.

Separate statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention stating their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

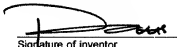
I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

Robert J. Watts

NAME OF INVENTOR

NAME OF INVENTOR

NAME OF INVENTOR


Signature of inventor

Signature of inventor

Signature of inventor

Date

Date

Date

09/529482

416 Rec'd PCT/PTO 12 APR 2000

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Robert J. Watts

PATENT APPLICATION

Serial No.:

Group Art Unit:

Filed:

Examiner:

For: ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS

Preliminary Amendment

Hon. Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination of the above application,
please amend the application as follows:

In the description:

On page 3, delete the paragraphs encompassing lines 3 to 12, starting with "US Patent No. 4559934 discloses an orthosis comprising a support stocking" and ending with "located within the shoe of a wearer to resist plantarflexion of the patient's foot."

On page 3, at the end of line 15, after "orthosis", insert - - for resisting plantarflexion of a patient's foot, the orthosis - -.

On page 3, line 16, after "sock-like", insert
- - silicone - -.

On page 3, lines 18-20, after "patient's foot", delete ", characterized in that said sock-like structure is of silicone and in that said orthosis provides, in use, a predetermined substantially constant resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot".

On page 3, before the paragraph beginning on line 31, insert the paragraph - - The sock-like structure may be defined by the rib and a pair of straps, one secured to either end of the rib and respectfully securable about the plantar aspect of the foot and the portion of the patient's lower leg in the vicinity of the ankle.

On page 5, before the first paragraph starting on line 1, insert the following paragraphs:

- - In accordance with a further aspect of the invention, there is provided an ankle-foot orthosis for resisting plantarflexion of a patient's foot, the orthosis comprising: a resilient rib locatable, in use, along and in abutment with at least a portion of the dorsal aspect of the patient's foot and at least a portion of the patient's lower leg, the orthosis comprising means for securing the rib to the patient's foot and lower leg.

In one embodiment, the securing means comprises a first strap means securable about one end of the rib and the patient's lower leg and a shoe for securing the other end of the rib to the patient's foot.

In another embodiment, the securing means comprises a first strap means securable about one end of the rib and the patient's lower leg and a shoe for securing the other end of the rib to the patient's foot.

In another embodiment, the securing means comprises an adhesive, at least end portions of the rib being adhered to the patient's lower leg and foot. - -.

On page 5, line 21, delete "another" and insert - - an - - in place thereof.

On page 5, line 21, after "orthosis", insert - - according to a third aspect of the invention - -.

On page 5, line 23, delete "yet another" and insert - - an - -.

On page 9, line 1, delete the first instance of the word "orthosis" and insert - - embodiment of the invention - - in place thereof.

On page 9, line 1, delete the second instance of the word "orthosis" and insert - - embodiment of the invention - - in place thereof - -.

On page 9, after "orthosis", insert - - of either embodiment - -.

In the claims:

Add new claims 23-27. Amend claims 1-13 and 15-22 as follows.

1. (amended) An ankle-foot orthosis [(32)] for resisting planterflexion of a patient's foot, the orthosis comprising: a resiliently flexible sock-like silicone structure [(34)] enveloping, in use, at least a portion of a patient's lower leg in the vicinity of the ankle and at least a portion of the plantar and dorsal aspects [(46,48)] of a patient's foot[, characterized in that said sock-like structure (34) is of silicone and in that said orthosis provides, in use, a predetermined substantially constant resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot].
2. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 1, comprising a reinforcing means [(38,56)] for providing a further resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot.
3. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 2, wherein the reinforcing means comprises a length of tape [(38)], the ends of the tape being joined together to form a figure-of-eight

passing under the instep, behind the ankle [(40,42)] and crossing on the dorsal aspect [(48)] of the foot.

4. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 2, wherein the reinforcing means comprises a rib [(56)] running along at least a portion of the dorsal aspect [(48)] of the foot and substantially midway between the medial malleolus [(40)] and the lateral malleolus [(42)].

5. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib [(56)] is of plastics.

6. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib [(56)] is of silicone.

7. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib [(56)] is of polypropylene.

8. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib [(56)] is of ortholene.

9. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib [(56)] is of carbon fibre.

10. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 4, wherein the reinforcing means [(38,56)] has a greater resilience than the sock-like structure [(34)].

11. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, comprising an insertion slit extending substantially midway between the medial malleolus [(40)] and the lateral malleolus [(42)] at the back of the ankle towards the calcaneum, means [(50,54)] being provided to securely close the slit once the patient's foot has been inserted in the orthosis.

12. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 11, wherein the closing means comprises a mechanical hook and loop fastener [(50)], a set of hoops or hooks being provided adjacent one edge of the slit and a corresponding set of hooks or hoops being provided on a closure member affixed to the other side of the slit, respective hooks and loops being connectable to securely close the slit.

13. (amended) An orthosis according to Claim 11, wherein the closing means comprises a zip fastener [(54)] secured to opposite sides of the slit.

15. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, wherein the orthosis envelops at least a portion of the dorsal [(48)] and plantar [(48)] aspects of the foot without enveloping the toes [(49)].

16. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, wherein the orthosis envelops at least a portion of the plantar aspect [(46)] of the foot without enveloping the calcaneum [(44)].

17. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, wherein the sock-like structure is of 35 shore silicone elastomer.

18. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, wherein the orthosis is skin coloured.

19. (amended) An orthosis according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, wherein the orthosis is fabricated by injection moulding.

20. (amended) An orthosis according to [any of Claims 1 to 18] Claim 1, wherein the orthosis is stamped or pressed from sheet material.

21. (amended) A kit comprising a plurality of orthoses [(32)] according to [any preceding claim] Claim 1, the orthoses being of varying size and shape for fitting to feet of different sizes and shapes.

22. (amended) A kit according to Claim 21, comprising differently coloured orthoses to allow the matching of the colour of the orthosis to the skin colour of the patient.

23. (new) An ankle-foot orthosis for resisting plantarflexion of a patient's foot, the orthosis comprising: a resilient rib locatable, in use, along and in abutment with at least a portion of the dorsal aspect of the patient's foot and at least a portion of the patient's lower leg, the orthosis comprising means for securing the rib to the patient's foot and lower leg.

24. (new) An orthosis according to Claim 23, wherein the securing means comprises a first strap means securable about one end of the rib and the patient's lower leg, and a second strap means securable about the other end of the rib and the patient's foot.

25. (new) An orthosis according to Claim 23, wherein the securing means comprises a first strap means securable about one end of the rib and the patient's lower leg and a shoe for securing the other end of the rib to the patient's foot.

26. (new) An orthosis according to Claim 23, wherein the securing means comprises an adhesive, at least end portions of the rib being adhered to the patient's lower leg and foot.

27. (new) An orthosis according to Claim 23, wherein the rib is of a material selected from a group comprising: plastics, silicone, polypropylene, ortholene and carbon fibre.

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Remarks

Pages 3-5, 8-9 and 10-12 of the PCT application from which this application derives were amended and replaced in a response to the Written Opinion. The replacement pages were annexed to the International Preliminary Examination Report, a copy of which should have been sent to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office by the International Bureau. However, for ease of reference, a copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report with the annexed replacement pages is being included with this amendment. This preliminary amendment is based on the text of the replacement pages.

The claims have been amended herein to remove multiple dependencies and to place the claims in better condition for allowance. A Notice of Allowance is thus respectfully requested.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being deposited with the United States Postal Service on the date shown below with sufficient postage as Express Mail Label EL315360105US in an envelope addressed to: Asst. Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231

Signed: Sally Azevedo
Typed Name: Sally Azevedo
Date: April 12, 2000

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas Schneek

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ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS

This invention relates to ankle-foot orthoses.

Orthoses are mechanical devices which impose forces upon a limb of a patient and can be used for a variety of different purposes. For example, orthoses may be provided for supportive, functional, corrective or protective purposes, or for a combination of these. Ankle-foot orthoses are typically provided to provide protection to the ankle and foot of a patient as well as to provide support against excessive plantarflexion or dropping of the foot. In addition to this resistive function, they may also be employed to assist dorsiflexion of the patient's foot during the push off phase of the patient's gait.

Foot plantarflexion is a medical condition that can arise from a variety of causes, for example disease or congenital abnormality. Patients affected by this condition typically experience difficulty in walking as they must lift their foot excessively from the ground in order to avoid stumbling.

A variety of different ankle-foot orthoses have previously been proposed for resisting plantarflexion, and in some cases for additionally assisting dorsiflexion. Figures 1a, 1b, 2a and 2b illustrate two of these previously proposed devices.

Figure 1a illustrates one previously proposed ankle-foot orthosis before it is assembled on a patient. The orthosis 10 must be used in conjunction with a shoe 12 that provides close contact between the shoe and the foot in the region of the instep. The orthosis 10 comprises a pair of supporting metal uprights 14, one connected to either side of the shoe 12 in the region of the heel 16. The connections each comprise a plantarflexion stop 18 that resists foot drop and may also include springs (not shown) to assist dorsiflexion. The upper ends of the uprights are connected to a supporting strap 20 which is securable about the patient's calf. With reference to Figure 1b, it can be seen that the supporting strap 20 provides support about the patient's calf, and that the plantarflexion stops 18 and shoe 12 provide support under the foot of the patient to resist plantarflexion.

Figures 2a and 2b illustrate another previously proposed orthosis device which must also be used in conjunction with a shoe that provides close contact between the shoe and the foot in the region of the instep. In this example, the orthosis 22

comprises a one-piece plastics moulding 24 which comprises a calf abutting region 26 and a sole abutting region 28. The top of the calf abutting region 26 is provided with a closure mechanism 27 that enables the device to be secured to the calf of a patient. The sole abutting region 28 acts in conjunction with the shoe 30 to support the foot of the patient. The stiffness of the plastics moulding and the shape thereof in the region of the ankle defines the amount of resistance to plantarflexion. If more resistance is required, then the gap across the front of the ankle can be reduced, or the stiffness of the plastics can be increased.

Both of the aforementioned previously proposed devices adequately support the foot of a patient to resist plantarflexion. However, they both exhibit serious deficiencies that make them highly unpopular with patients.

A first disadvantage is that both of the previously proposed orthoses are large bulky devices which are clearly visible when worn. Thus, the patient's illness or abnormality is immediately apparent to others and this can adversely affect the patient's state of mind. This problem can be particularly apparent with child patients as the orthosis is an immediately obvious difference which other children can ridicule. It can also be a serious problem for adult patients as a visible device immediately labels them as a disabled or abnormal person with corresponding ramifications for their personal and working lives.

A further disadvantage is that both of these previously proposed devices must be worn with shoes. Thus, if a patient wished to walk without shoes or to go swimming, for example, then they would have to do so without any means for resisting plantarflexion.

A further disadvantage is that these previously proposed devices can cause extreme discomfort when worn. This problem is particularly apparent with the orthosis of Figures 2a and 2b as the device extends under the foot of the patient and thus the full weight of the patient bears upon the device when the patient walks.

Yet another disadvantage is that both of these previously proposed devices are difficult and time consuming to put on and take off. Furthermore, the second device often requires the fabrication of special shoes as it is often not possible to fit the device within normal off-the-shelf shoes. Finally, both devices are expensive to make

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and fit as they must be closely fitted to the feet and legs of the patient, and as they are made from relatively expensive materials.

US Patent No. 4559934 discloses an orthosis comprising a support stocking with a pair of reinforced portions to which a pocket is attached. A support device is
5 secured between the pockets and tensioning strap is provided by means of which the tension in the support device may be increased or decreased as desired.

US Patent No. 5,676,641 discloses an ankle support particularly designed to restrain the ankle from rolling to the inside or outside. The support comprises a support sock over which various straps are wound.

US Patent No. 4651723 discloses a leather attachment securable about the lower leg of a patient. The attachment is connected to a plate spring that may be
10 located within the shoe of a wearer to resist plantarflexion of the patient's foot.

It is an object of aspects of the invention to alleviate some or all of these disadvantages.

In accordance with the invention, there is provided an ankle-foot orthosis comprising: a resiliently flexible sock-like structure enveloping, in use, at least a portion of a patient's lower leg in the vicinity of the ankle and at least a portion of the
15 plantar and dorsal aspects of a patient's foot, characterised in that said sock-like structure is of silicone and in that said orthosis provides, in use, a predetermined substantially constant resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot.
20

Thus, this aspect of the invention provides a discrete arrangement which adequately resists plantarflexion without requiring the patient to wear a shoe.

Preferably the orthosis comprises a reinforcing means for further resisting plantarflexion of the foot. The reinforcing means may be a length of tape, the ends
25 of the tape being joined together to form a figure-of-eight passing under the instep, behind the ankle and crossing on the dorsal aspect of the foot. Alternatively, the reinforcing means may comprises a rib running along at least a portion of the dorsal aspect of the foot and substantially midway between the medial malleolus and the lateral malleolus. Preferably the reinforcing means has a greater resilience than the
30 sock-like structure.

Preferably, the orthosis comprises an insertion slit extending midway between

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the medial malleolus and the lateral malleolus towards the calcaneum, means being provided to securely close the slit once the patient's foot has been inserted in the orthosis.

The closing means may comprise a mechanical hook and loop fastener, a set of hoops or hooks being provided adjacent one edge of the slit and a corresponding set of hooks or hoops being provided on a closure member affixed to the other side of the slit, respective hooks and loops being connectable to securely close the slit. Alternatively, the closing means may comprise a zip fastener secured to opposite sides of the slit. As a further alternative, the closing means may comprise a set of eyelets closable by a lace.

Preferably, the orthosis envelops the dorsal and plantar aspects of the foot without enveloping the toes. Preferably, the orthosis envelops the plantar aspect of the foot without enveloping the calcaneum. The orthosis could envelop the calcaneum if, for example, mechanical correction of the heel bone is required. The device may also be contoured on the surface abutting, in use, the plantar aspect of the foot to aid support of the metatarsals and to position the foot correctly.

Preferably, the sock-like structure is a 35 shore silicone elastomer, or a higher or lower shore silicone elastomer. Preferably, the reinforcing means is of silicone.

Preferably, the orthosis is skin coloured and/or fabricated by injection moulding. The orthosis could alternatively be brightly coloured so as to appeal to children.

In accordance with a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a kit comprising a plurality of orthoses as described herein, the orthoses being of varying size and shape for fitting to feet of different sizes and shapes. The kit may also comprise differently coloured orthoses to allow the matching of the colour of the orthosis to the skin colour of the patient.

In any event, it is preferred that the rib is of plastics, such as polypropylene or ortholene.

Preferably, the orthosis is skin coloured and/or fabricated by injection moulding. The orthosis could be formed by stamping from sheet material. The
 5 orthosis could be brightly coloured so as to appeal to children.

In accordance with another aspect of the invention, there is provided a kit comprising a plurality of orthoses as described herein, the orthoses being of varying size and shape for fitting to feet of different sizes and shapes. The kit may also comprise differently coloured orthoses to allow the matching of the colour of the
 10 orthosis to the skin colour of the patient.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figures 1a and 1b are schematic representations of one previously proposed orthosis;

15 Figures 2a and 2b are schematic representations of another previously proposed orthosis;

Figure 3 is a schematic representation of an orthosis according to a first aspect of the invention; and

20 Figure 4 is a schematic representation of an orthosis according to a second aspect of the invention.

Figure 5 is a schematic representation of another orthosis;

Figure 6 is a side view of the orthosis of Figure 5; and

Figure 7 is a schematic representation of yet another orthosis according to a fourth aspect of the invention.

25 With reference to Figure 3, the orthosis 32 comprises a resiliently flexible sock-like structure 34 and a reinforcing means 36 (shown in ghost), which in this embodiment is a tape 38 - the ends of which are joined together to form a figure-of-eight which passes under the instep, behind the ankle and crosses on the dorsal aspect of the foot. The reinforcing means may be formed integrally with the sock-like

structure or, alternatively, the reinforcing means may be formed separately and subsequently inserted within the sock-like structure.

The resilience of the sock-like structure and the reinforcing means are chosen, and may be varied, in dependence upon the degree to which the patient suffers from
5 plantarflexion. Indeed, the reinforcing means 36 can be dispensed with if sufficient resistance to plantarflexion is provided by the sock-like structure 34. It is preferred for the resilience of the reinforcing means 36, if provided, to be greater than that of the sock-like structure 34.

In this embodiment, the orthosis 32 envelops a portion of the patients lower leg
10 which preferably includes the medial malleolus 40 (the inside of the ankle) and the lateral malleolus 42 (the outside of the ankle), the calcaneum 44 (the heel), a portion of the plantar aspect 46 of the foot (the sole of the foot) and a portion of the dorsal aspect 48 of the foot (the back of the foot). In this embodiment, the toes 49 of the foot are not enveloped by the orthosis, although they could be enveloped if desired.
15 It is preferred that the orthosis extends beyond the medial and lateral malleoli.

The sock-like structure 34 is provided with a slit (not shown) which extends in a direction towards the calcaneum between the medial and lateral malleoli. In this embodiment, the slit is closable by a mechanical hook and loop fastener 50, such as velcro®. One portion of the fastener (ie. either a hook portion or a loop portion) is
20 affixed to one side of the slit. The other portion of the fastener 50 is affixed to a strap 52 that is affixed to the other side of the slit.

Figure 4 shows a second embodiment of the invention wherein the orthosis 32 is provided with a zip fastener 54, respective parts of which are secured to either side of the slit. In this embodiment, the sock-like structure 34 does not envelop the
25 calcaneum 44 of the foot. It has been found that the orthosis 32 can be made significantly more comfortable if both the calcaneum 44 and toes 49 are not enveloped by the sock-like structure 34. In this embodiment, the reinforcing means comprises a rib 56 which extends partway along the dorsal aspect of the foot. The rib may be formed integrally with the orthosis. Alternatively, the rib may be removably insertable
30 into a pocket provided on the dorsal aspect of the foot to allow for the stiffness of the rib, and/or the angle of support (by inserting differently shaped ribs), to be changed

if desired.

The orthosis of either embodiment may be coloured so that it can be matched to the skin colour of the patient, and may be provided in a variety of different sizes and shapes. The orthosis is preferably manufactured by injection moulding.

- 5 Alternatively, the orthosis may be manufactured by milling (as described below) and subsequently building up layers of the device upon a suitable cast.

- The orthosis may be of a variety of different materials chosen to have a suitable resilience. For example, the orthosis could be of rubber, silicone, plastics or of any other material apparent to persons skilled in the art. Preferably the orthosis is
- 10 of 35 shore silicone elastomer. The orthosis may be of a greater or lesser shore value depending upon the particular needs of the patient to which it is to be fitted. The reinforcing means may be of silicone, with a chosen shore value, or may be of any other material apparent to persons skilled in the art. The reinforcing means could be of the same material as the sock-like structure, or could be of a different material. For
- 15 example, in the arrangement of Figure 4, the rib may be of a metal.

- Two suitable elastomers are sold under the product names HCR9960 and MED4035 by Nusil Technology of 1050 Cindy Lane, Carpinteria, California, USA. HCR9960 has a working time of approximately 12 hours and MED4035 has a shorter working time of approximately 3 to 4 hours, after which the elastomer cures. The
- 20 elastomers are thermo-setting and are strained through a 200 mesh screen to remove particulate contaminants.

- The elastomers are supplied as A and B components which are preferably combined in equal portions on a two roll mill, or other suitable device, prior to use. A suggested sequence for blending the two components is to first soften part B on the
- 25 mill and then soften part A, after which an equal weight of part B should be added to part A and then thoroughly mixed. At this stage, it is recommended to keep the temperature of the material as low as possible so as to maximise the table life of the elastomer. The mixture may then be manually fitted to a plaster cast of a patient's foot, or more preferably supplied to injection moulding apparatus to mould a suitably
- 30 shaped orthosis. Curing of the blended elastomer may be accelerated by heat and can take from 3 to 4 hours. The cure may be inhibited by any ambient traces of organic

rubbers and other substances and thus it is preferred for the fabrication of the orthosis to be conducted in a thoroughly cleaned area.

Figure 5 is a schematic representation of another orthosis 1 that comprises a resilient rib 3 that is locatable in use along the dorsal aspect of the patient's foot 5. As shown, the orthosis 1 extends from approximately the base of the patient's toes up to the lower portion of the patient's shin.

The rib 3 is formed of a material that is preferably relatively light-weight and resilient - such as a plastic. A preferred material is ortholene or polypropylene, but numerous other suitable materials (such as a metal, an alloy or carbon fibre or similar material for example) will be apparent to persons skilled in the art. The orthosis could be injection moulded, or for a more precise fit could be individually fitted to a patient's foot.

In order for the orthosis to benefit the patient, it must somehow be secured to the patient's foot. In the embodiment of Figure 5, the orthosis 1 is secured to the foot 5 by way of a pair of straps 7, which in the preferred embodiment include mechanical hook-and-loop fasteners (not shown) such as velcro^R that enable the straps 7 to be secured around the patients foot and lower leg respectively. Alternative fastening mechanisms, such as pop fasteners, could be provided in addition or instead of velcro^R. When the straps are secured about the patient's foot and lower leg, the orthosis 1 is secured to the patient's foot and plantarflexion is resisted. The arrangement of Figure 5 is particularly advantageous for use in warmer climates as the majority of the patient's foot is not covered by the orthosis 1.

Figure 6 is a side view of the orthosis 1 of Figure 5 illustrating the points at which pressure is applied to the patient's foot by the device. As shown, the orthosis 1 applies pressure to the patient's foot at three discrete locations (i), (ii) and (iii). Application of pressure to the foot at these three locations causes plantarflexion to be resisted whilst also aiding dorsiflexion. In this way, the orthosis 1 aids the patient during all stages of the walking motion. Furthermore, the orthosis 1 shown is considerably more comfortable for the patient to wear than previously proposed devices as it does not extend beneath the foot and thus the weight of the patient does not bear upon the orthosis 1 during walking.

A further orthosis is shown in Figure 7. This orthosis is primarily designed for use in conjunction with a shoe 9, and comprises an orthosis 1 of polypropylene, for example, and a single strap 11 provided at the end of the reinforcing means closest to the patient's leg, in use. Securing the strap 11 around the patient's lower leg and inserting the foot 5 and orthosis 1 within a shoe 9 provides an orthosis that is capable of resisting plantarflexion of the patient's foot. As an alternative to providing a strap, the upper end of the orthosis could be adhered to the patient's lower leg.

If the straps of the orthosis of Figure 5 are removably attached to the rib 3, then the orthosis of Figure 5 could be converted for use with a shoe, as shown in Figure 7, simply by removing the lower strap.

As a further alternative that is not illustrated in the drawings, the straps could be dispensed with and the rib could then be adhered at least at the ends thereof to the patient's lower leg and foot. The adhesive could be any adhesive suitable for bonding articles to skin.

The orthosis may be coloured so that it can be matched to the skin colour of the patient, and may be provided in a variety of different shapes and sizes.

The orthosis may be of a variety of different materials chosen to have a suitable resilience. For example, the orthosis could be of rubber, silicone, plastics, carbon fibre or of any other material apparent to persons skilled in the art. In a preferred example, the orthosis is of 35 shore silicone elastomer. The orthosis may be of a greater or lesser shore value depending upon the particular needs of the patient to which it is to be fitted.

It will be understood, of course, that the invention has been described herein by way of example only and that modifications may be made within the scope of the invention.

4/13/1

CLAIMS

1. An ankle-foot orthosis (32) comprising: a resiliently flexible sock-like structure (34) enveloping, in use, at least a portion of a patient's lower leg in the vicinity of the ankle and at least a portion of the plantar and dorsal aspects (46,48) of a patient's foot,
5 characterised in that said sock-like structure (34) is of silicone and in that said orthosis provides, in use, a predetermined substantially constant resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot.
2. An orthosis according to Claim 1, comprising a reinforcing means (38,56) for
10 providing a further resistance to planterflexion of the patient's foot.
3. An orthosis according to Claim 2, wherein the reinforcing means comprises a length of tape (38), the ends of the tape being joined together to form a figure-of-eight passing under the instep, behind the ankle (40,42) and crossing on the dorsal aspect
15 (48) of the foot.
4. An orthosis according to Claim 2, wherein the reinforcing means comprises a rib (56) running along at least a portion of the dorsal aspect (48) of the foot and substantially midway between the medial malleolus (40) and the lateral malleolus (42).
20
5. An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib (56) is of plastics.
6. An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib (56) is of silicone.
- 25 7. An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib (56) is of polypropylene.
8. An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib (56) is of ortholene.
9. An orthosis according to Claim 4, wherein the rib (56) is of carbon fibre.
- 30 10. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the reinforcing means

(38,56) has a greater resilience than the sock-like structure (34).

11. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, comprising an insertion slit extending substantially midway between the medial malleolus (40) and the lateral malleolus (42) at the back of the ankle towards the calcaneum, means (50,54) being provided to securely close the slit once the patient's foot has been inserted in the orthosis.

12. An orthosis according to Claim 11, wherein the closing means comprises a mechanical hook and loop fastener (50), a set of hoops or hooks being provided adjacent one edge of the slit and a corresponding set of hooks or hoops being provided on a closure member affixed to the other side of the slit, respective hooks and loops being connectable to securely close the slit.

13. An orthosis according to Claim 11, wherein the closing means comprises a zip fastener (54) secured to opposite sides of the slit.

14. An orthosis according to Claim 11, wherein the closing means comprises a set of eyelets provided on either side of the slit, the slit being closable by a lace fed through the eyelets.

15. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the orthosis envelops at least a portion of the dorsal (48) and plantar (46) aspects of the foot without enveloping the toes (49).

16. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the orthosis envelops at least a portion of the plantar aspect (46) of the foot without enveloping the calcaneum (44).

17. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the sock-like structure is of 35 shore silicone elastomer.

18. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the orthosis is skin coloured.

19. An orthosis according to any preceding claim, wherein the orthosis is fabricated
5 by injection moulding.

20. An orthosis according to any of Claims 1 to 18, wherein the orthosis is stamped or pressed from sheet material.

10 21. A kit comprising a plurality of orthoses (32) according to any preceding claim, the orthoses being of varying size and shape for fitting to feet of different sizes and shapes.

22. A kit according to Claim 21, comprising differently coloured orthoses to allow
15 the matching of the colour of the orthosis to the skin colour of the patient.

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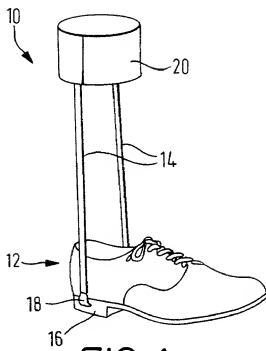


FIG. 1a

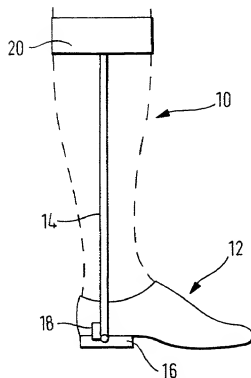


FIG. 1b

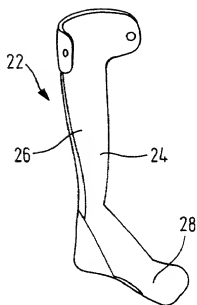


FIG. 2a

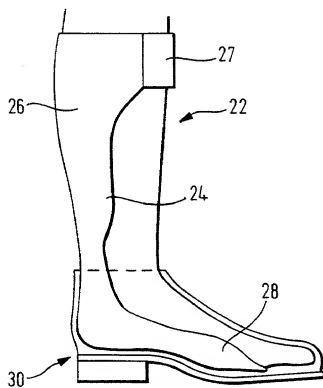
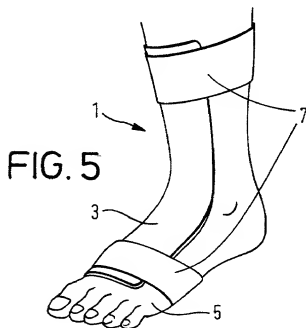
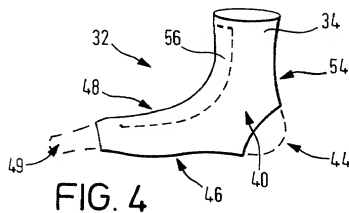
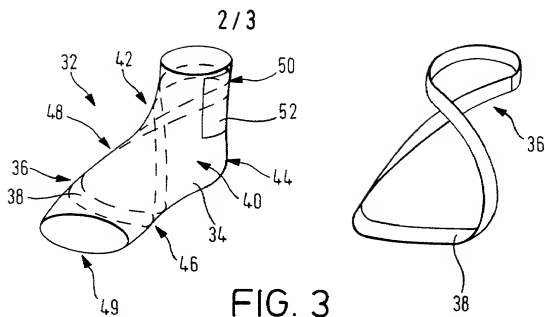


FIG. 2b



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FIG. 6

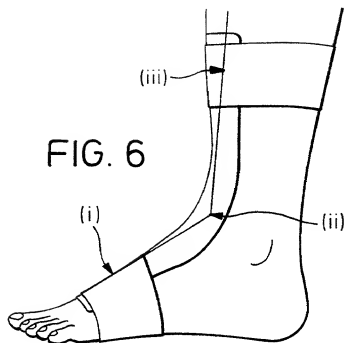
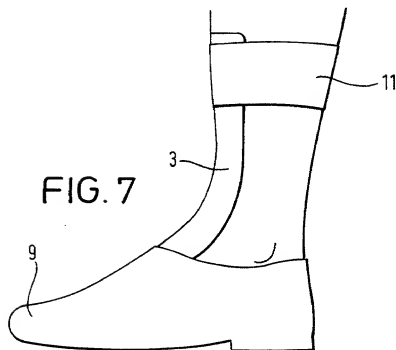


FIG. 7



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DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63)		Attorney Docket Number	DYC-011
		First Named Inventor	Robert J. Watts
		COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
		Application Number	09 / 529,482
		Filing Date	April 12, 2000
		Group Art Unit	
		Examiner Name	

☐ Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing
 ☒ Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

ANKLE-FOOT ORTHOSIS

the specification of which (Title of the Invention)

☐ is attached hereto
OR

☒ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) April 12, 2000 as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number 09/529,482 and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?
9721863.0	U.K.	10/15/1997	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9814726.7	U.K.	07/07/1998	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

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[Page 1 of 2]

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U.S. Patent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)
PCT/GB98/03068	10/12/1998	

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As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: ☒ Customer Number 003897 ☐ OR ☐ Registered practitioner(s) name/registration number listed below

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Mark Protsik	31,788	David M. Schneck	43,094
John P. McGuire, Jr.	41,984	Gina McCarthy	42,986

☐ Additional registered practitioner(s) named on supplemental Registered Practitioner Information sheet PTO/SB/02C attached hereto.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Name of Sole or First Inventor: ☐ A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

Given Name (first and middle (if any))		Family Name or Surname	
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		Country	U.K.

☐ Additional inventors are being named on the supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto